

Name of the Department : Physics

Name of the Course : B. Sc. (H) Physics – CBCS - O

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Semester :

Name of the Paper : Mathematical Physics I

Unique Paper Code : 32221101

Question Paper Set Number : A Maximum Marks : 75

Time Duration: 3 hours Instruction for Candidates

- 1. Attempt **FOUR** questions in all.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. Solve the following first order differential equations

a.
$$(1+y^2)dx + (x-e^{-\tan^{-1}y})dy = 0$$

b.
$$y dx + (x-2x^2y^3) dy = 0$$

c.
$$(y+y\cos xy)dx+(x+x\cos xy)dy=0$$

2. Solve the following second order differential equations

a.
$$\frac{d^2 y}{d x^2} + 4 y = \cos 2 x$$

b.
$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4 y = e^x \cos x$$

c.
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 2\cos x$$

3. Find the work done in moving an object along a straight line from (3,2,-1) to

$$(2$$
 , -1 ,4 $)$ in a force field given by, \vec{F} $=$ 4 \hat{i} -3 \hat{j} +2 \hat{k}

Show that $\vec{r} r^{-2}$ is irrotational.

It is given that $\phi = 8 x^4 y z^3$. Evaluate $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \phi$

4. Suppose S is any closed surface enclosing a volume $oldsymbol{V}$ and

$$\vec{A} = ax \hat{i} + by \hat{j} + cz \hat{k}$$
. Show that $\iint_{S} \vec{A} \cdot \hat{n} dS = (a+b+c)V$

Show that
$$\iiint_{V} \frac{dV}{r^{2}} = \iint_{S} \frac{\vec{r} \cdot \hat{n}}{r^{2}} dS$$

Verify the Stokes' theorem for $\vec{A} = (y-z+2)\hat{i} + (yz+4)\hat{j} - xz\hat{k}$ and for the surface of the cube x=0, y=0, z=0, x=2, y=2, z=2 above the xy-plane.

6. Obtain the expression for divergence of a vector field in orthogonal curvilinear coordinates and express it in cylindrical coordinates. Transform $\vec{A} = \frac{x}{y} \hat{i}$ to cylindrical coordinates.

Prove that
$$\delta(x^2-a^2) = \frac{1}{2 \vee a \vee i \{\delta(x-a) + \delta(x+a)\}i}$$

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